Institute of Operating Systems and Computer Networks





#### **Trust More, Serverless**

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Stefan Brenner, June 3rd, 2019

Technische Universität Braunschweig, Institute of Operating Systems and Computer Networks

# **Cloud Popularity Impacted by Security Issues**

- Increasing popularity of clouds
- Cloud security challenges  $\rightarrow$  Hinder cloud adoption
- Vision: Trusted cloud
  - Enables currently impossible use cases
  - Usage of trusted execution technology





# Usage of Trusted Execution Technology

- Creation of a Trusted Execution Environment (TEE)
  - Goal: Small sensitive compartments inside TEE
- Holistic approach (legacy applications)
  Large Trusted Computing Base (TCB)
- Application partitioning (tailored)
  - 😕 High porting effort





## Software Design: Monolithic $\neq$ Modern

- Modern modular architectures
  e.g. micro services, functions
  - Small independent components
  - Clearly defined interfaces
  - Selective scalability
  - Simpler and independent development





## Software Design: Monolithic $\neq$ Modern

- Modern modular architectures
  - e.g. micro services, functions

  - Small in Trusted FaaS
    Clearly c Selective Trusted serverless or Function-as-a-Service (FaaS) cloud!
  - Simpler and independent development





### **Trust More, Serverless**

#### Background

- Intel SGX
- Serverless Computing
- Design & Implementation
- Evaluation
- Conclusion



Introduction Background Design & Implementation Evaluation Conclusion Intel SGX Serverless Computing

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## Intel Software Guard Extensions

- Intel Software Guard Extensions (SGX)
  - CPU instruction set extension for trusted execution
  - "Secure enclaves" inside user processes
  - Transparent memory encryption (with integrity)
  - Remote Attestation via Intel Attestation Service





### Serverless and FaaS

#### Evolution of cloud computing

- 1. Infrastructure-as-a-Service (laaS)
- 2. Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS)
- 3. Function-as-a-Service (FaaS)
  - Single standalone functions  $\rightarrow$  Lambdas
  - Fine-grained accounting, no idle cost
  - Most maintenance done by provider





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## **Platform Vision**

- Basic Properties
  - Lambda inside enclave
  - Parallel (competing) Lambda execution
  - Resource efficiency
  - Transparent Lambda attestation

#### Challenges:

- Selection of suitable programming language and Lambda library support
- Design of a secure and efficient Lambda execution platform
- Transparent remote attestation of Lambdas











🔀 Native: sandbox?





▶ Native: sandbox?







V8 Isolate

# Secure Serverless Computing Programming Language & Runtime



Google V8







## Programming Language & Runtime





## Programming Language & Runtime









### Architecture

#### • JavaScript Runtime in enclave

- Lightweight JavaScript interpreter: Duktape
- Additional: Fast but large Google V8
- Lambdas executed in interpreter sandbox
- Secure Lambdas:
  - Signed Lambda bundles
  - Load and verify on demand





### **Trust Model**

- How to establish trust into Lambdas?
  - 1. Signed Lambda is loaded
  - 2. Attester verifies enclave
  - 3. Attester verifies Lambda based on its signature
  - 4. Attester uploads TLS key
  - $\Rightarrow$  Implicit attestation on every request





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## **Evaluation Methodology and Trusted Computing Base**

- Methodology
  - Clients issue TLS-encrypted requests to trusted Lambda platform
  - TCB, throughput and enclave memory footprint measurement



## **Evaluation Methodology and Trusted Computing Base**

#### Methodology

- Clients issue TLS-encrypted requests to trusted Lambda platform
- TCB, throughput and enclave memory footprint measurement
- Trusted Computing Base
  - Google V8 TCB  $_{7\times}$  larger than Duktape

	Duktape	V8
Interpreter	185,392	1,308,702
Environment	214,156	17,193,624
Platform	1,529	1,002
Sum	401,077	18,503,328



### Performance



- Low overhead of secure Duktape (echo) روبنا Low overhead of secure Duktape (echo) لا يقق المحافظة than secure Duktape
- Secure Google V8  $\approx$  50% of baseline Secure Duktape only  $\approx$  3%



(base64 and 3dcube are part of the letStream JavaScript benchmark suite)



### **Memory Footprint**

- No excessive SGX paging due to lean memory footprint
- Secure Duktape  $\approx$  38% lower memory footprint than secure Google V8



Secure Google V8 memory footprint



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## Conclusion

- Secure Lambda execution platform based on Intel SGX
- Execution of pure JavaScript Lambda inside SGX enclave
- Secure Duktape is much slower than secure Google V8
  - ... but requires significantly less memory
  - ...and comprises a much smaller TCB
  - $\Rightarrow$  A price tag for transparent security in the FaaS cloud!
- $\Rightarrow$  This project was funded by Intel in the *TFaaS project*!



